

BRITISH WITH HUGE MINE EXPLOSIONS SMASH GERMAN FRONT FOR NINE MILES; INFANTRY TAKES UP BATTLE

IRONCLAD ENFORCEMENT OF LAW PROHIBITING DRINKS TO ARMY MEN IN UNIFORM PROMISED BY U. S. OFFICIALS; NO LOOPHOLES ARE FOUND

Treating In Saloon Held To Be Offense

Naval Men Ashore in Uniform Also Come Under Ban; Guard, too, if in U. S. Service

Three out of 13 saloons in Honolulu sold liquor last night to army men despite the fact that yesterday regulations prohibiting the sale of intoxicants to officers and enlisted men in uniform became operative.

This apparent open violation of the regulations was discovered by Marshal Jerome J. Smiddy, who made personal visits to 13 saloons to see if the new law was being obeyed and to warn bartenders against making sales as are now specifically prohibited.

Marshal Smiddy reports that Cuna's saloon, the Two Jacks saloon and the Imperial bar were selling beer to men in uniform. The bartenders in these saloons were warned and said they would cease such sales. They told the marshal that they had been advised by a local attorney that they could sell booze to civilians and that the civilians, in turn, could pass the liquor over to men in uniform; that is, civilians might "treat" soldiers and still not violate the law.

With these exceptions, Marshal Smiddy found no other violations of the new law last night.

U. S. Attorney S. C. Huber, interpreting the new law as regards a soldier securing liquor through a third person, declares that a "treat" by a civilian to a man in uniform is akin to a direct sale to the latter by the bartender.

Will Arrest All Offenders
Marshal Smiddy and the attorney's office are prepared to enforce the new law to the very limit.

"I am going to arrest every bartender I find selling liquor to an army or navy officer or enlisted man in uniform," declares the marshal, "because these men have been warned personally as to what the provisions of this new law are."

Taking into consideration every possible angle and interpretation, Attorney Huber asserts he knows of only one loophole. He points out that if a man in uniform is invited to a

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INSURANCE MEN CAMPAIGN FOR LIBERTY BONDS

Early Returns Indicate Workers Will Dispose of \$200,000 to Small Investors

HAWAII IS THANKED
Washington, D. C., June 7, 1917.
The Bank of Hawaii, Ltd., Honolulu.

I extend my congratulations to your bank and other Hawaiian interests for their splendid cooperation on Liberty Loan.
Important that subscriptions for as large an amount as possible be in hand on June 15.
We are particularly anxious that opportunity be given to small subscribers to participate in the loan.

OSCAR T. CROSSBY,
Acting Secretary.

At 1 o'clock today it was estimated that fully \$200,000 worth of Liberty Bonds would be sold before night by the insurance men to at least 300 subscribers. Partial returns from a few of the teams indicate that the campaign is meeting with success and will result in a greater number of small depositors buying than since the bonds were first offered here.

Like a fan spread out over the entire island of Oahu, the insurance men's Liberty bond campaign is working with results which are expected to surpass the greatest expectations. Sixteen teams left headquarters in the Bishop Trust building this morning to visit not only the city proper, but the outlying district including

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What Anti-Liquor Sale Law Prohibits

A "treat" by a civilian to a man in uniform is held to be a sale to the latter by the bartender, and therefore a violation of the law.

The law is not violated when a man in uniform is treated to liquor in a private home at a social function.

Sailors ashore are considered "men in uniform" and are included among those to whom no liquor shall be sold.

National Guardsmen come under the law if the guard is actually in the federal service and under the orders of the President as executive head of the army.

The language of the law is "members of the military forces," and the U. S. attorney holds the navy is included in this term.

Local bartenders have been personally notified of the enforcement of the law, and arrests will immediately follow when violations are discovered.

The sale of liquor to an army officer or enlisted man, or sailor, not in uniform, is not held to be a violation of the law.

Penalty is \$1000 fine or imprisonment not to exceed 12 months, or both.

LIQUOR LID IS TILTED AS NIGHT SALES ARE O.K'D

Simultaneous with the prohibition by federal order of the sale of liquor in Hawaii to enlisted men in uniform the board of liquor license commissioners met late yesterday afternoon and made many changes in Honolulu's liquor traffic control, chief among which is an order setting aside the early closing regulation. On June 14 places where liquor is sold will close at the former time, i. e., saloons and wholesale houses at 11:30 p. m.; and hotels, cafes and restaurants at 1 a. m.

Explaining the action of the board in this matter, Chairman Richard Cooke says that the early closing regulation was adopted chiefly with a desire to assist military efficiency in war time. Since the new federal orders meet this end the commissioners are not in favor of continuing the early closing regulation.

Other important regulations adopted by the commissioners generally tighten the hand of the law around "blind pigs" and eliminate several objectionable practices such as serving liquor to policemen in uniform and bartenders drinking while on duty.

Only one proposed regulation was turned down. It was requiring dealers to place their names on bottles. The objection was that others might use the same bottle and name to pass off inferior goods by refilling. As a substitute the following was adopted: "All licensees shall conduct their business in accordance with all federal laws and such military regulations as affect the conduct of the military forces."

Cooke explains that the latter rule offers a quicker means to permitting or to one suspected of conducting a "blind pig," no commissions shall be allowed drivers of vehicles conveying liquor; a record of all liquor carried from the premises shall be kept by saloons and no employee of a saloon shall drink intoxicating liquor while on duty.

Cooke says all licenses issued for the ensuing year will be subject to these new regulations.

It seemed to be the general opinion of the management of cafes, restaurants, the Roof Garden and Heinie's Tavern that business generally will be better now under the late closing rule despite the counter-argument prohibiting the sale of liquor to army men. It is said that the Haleiwa hotel will suffer heavily from the latter ruling as it is considered head-

NO SALE LAW AFFECTS ALL IN UNIFORM

Gen. Strong of Opinion Rule Applies to Militiamen as Well as to Regulars

That the term "military forces" used in the army prohibition bill which forbids sale of liquor to uniformed men will apply to members of the national guard whenever in uniform is the opinion expressed by army men today.

Brig-Gen. Frederick S. Strong, commanding the Hawaiian department, has not officially received a copy of the law, but its receipt yesterday by U. S. attorney S. C. Huber makes it effective locally, and Strong and Huber have conferred on the matter.

Gen. Strong today invited the attention of the Star-Bulletin to action taken in New York on May 25 by the management of the leading hotels of that city. These men decided as a whole that they would not serve alcoholic beverages to any man wearing a uniform that designated him as belonging to any arm of the federal or state service.

The management of the Waldorf said that although the "no liquor" provision of the military draft law was not clearly understood as applying to officers and men of the navy, national guard and marine corps, the hotel had decided to refuse liquor to anyone in uniform, whether engaged in the military service of New York state or the United States.

The general referred to details of an article in the New York Times of the day following this decision by hotel men in the city. He says he understands that similar action has been taken in San Francisco. The article follows in part:

"Hotel managers say the law will apply equally to military men attending dinners at hotels at the invitations of civilians, the former not being permitted to have either beer or wine with food. Although the law became effective on May 19, its provisions were not generally known, and little attention was paid to it until yesterday. But its general effects will be more severely felt by restaurants and saloons. Cafes and saloons near the Brooklyn navy yard and in the vicinity of forts, where the larger share of the business is derived from sailors and army men and soldiers, will

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\$5920 SALARY INCREASE GIVEN BY SCHOOL BOARD TO TEACHERS

Six Hundred Get 10 Per Cent Raise and 165 Receive 15 Per Cent Advance

Substantial increases in the salaries of all public school teachers were provided for today when the board of school commissioners adopted a schedule which raises all pay on a percentage basis. Additional funds for the increase were inserted in the school budget by the last legislature.

The salary increase is along the following plan suggested by Supt. Henry W. Kinney in his last annual report:

An increase of 15 per cent for 165 teachers drawing from \$30 to \$50 a month, raising the present monthly payroll of \$6501.50 by \$976.25.

An increase of 10 per cent for 605 teachers drawing from \$55 to \$100 a month, raising the present monthly payroll of \$43,949.90 by \$4394.99.

An increase of 5 per cent for 69 teachers drawing over \$100 a month, raising the present monthly payroll of \$10,993.26 by \$549.66.

Following out this schedule the total increase amounts to approximately \$5920.90, raising the total monthly payroll to approximately \$67,365.56.

The commission spent the greater part of this morning on the appointment of many officers from Schofield.

MATSON LINERS DROP HILO RUN DURING SUMMER

Maui and Matsonia Taken Off Inter-Island Service Owing to Lack of Tourists

Honolulu-Hilo service now maintained by the Matson liners Matsonia and Maui will be discontinued next month, according to announcement made today by the local agency, Castle & Cooke's shipping department.

The two steamers will also leave San Francisco one day later than at present. The change goes into effect with the departure from San Francisco on her next voyage of the Matson flagship Maui.

Departure of the two largest liners of the Matson fleet from this port will be on the same day as now, but two hours later, than under the present schedule.

Hilo's freight and passenger business will be taken care of by the steamers Lurline, Enterprize and Havades, which will carry the sugar cargo now loaded at Hilo by the Maui and Matsonia.

According to Manager John H. Drew of Castle & Cooke's shipping department, the change has been decided on by the Matson line as the result of conferences between Capt. William Matson and the local agency.

"The Maui and Matsonia have been kept on the Hilo run only because of tourist business to the volcano. Since the war started that business has practically ceased, so that the receipts from ticket sales do not justify the expense of keeping up the Hilo service," is the explanation offered by Castle & Cooke.

The change in departure dates of the Maui and Matsonia from San Francisco means that they will arrive here one day later than under the present schedule.

WHEAT OF U. S. REACHES FRANCE

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PARIS, France, June 7.—An American transport loaded with wheat for the American troops in France has arrived here. Camps and aviation fields for the Americans are being prepared.

DUVAL COMMISSIONED

Nelson H. Duval of the army engineer office, Hawaiian department headquarters, has received his commission as captain in the engineer officers' reserve corps.

Duval has been in the islands about six years, coming here from West Virginia. He is a graduate of the engineering department of the university of that state.

Silvershell, U. S. Steamer, Sank U-Boat

Announcement Made in Paris of Identity of Vessel That Destroyed Submarine in a Running Fight

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PARIS, France, June 7.—Announcement was made today that the American steamer which sank a German submarine, as told yesterday at Washington, is the Silvershell, Captain Tom Charlton. The fight took place in the Mediterranean on May 30.

Warrant Officer Clark of the U. S. battleship Arkansas was in command of the naval gun crew which sank the U-boat.

The Silvershell, 5836 tons, is owned by the Shell Company, Cal., and was built at Wilmington, Delaware, in 1915. She carried petroleum in bulk.

JAPAN APPOINTS NEW DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BODY

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji)

TOKIO, Japan, June 7.—Emperor Yoshihito has appointed the strongest committee ever named in Japan as members of the new imperial diplomatic relations investigating commission. The emperor announced the committee at a luncheon yesterday afternoon.

Premier Terauchi, Foreign Minister Motomi, Minister of the Interior Gato, Minister of the Navy Kato, Minister of War Oshima, Ito and Hirata, members of the privy council; Makino, former foreign minister; Hara, president of the Saikoku, and Inukai, president of the Kokumintu, were named as the committee.

This committee will have full power in dealing with all diplomatic relations, and will give their opinions to the foreign minister who will act according to the will of this body. The people and press of Japan have supported this committee, and with the exception of the Kenseikai, all parties of Japan are represented. K. Kato, president of the Kenseikai, has announced that he will fight all governmental measures in the next session of the diet.

Collier Runs The Blockade

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 7.—The American collier Jupiter, loaded with 10,500 tons of wheat and other supplies, has arrived safely at a French port.

New War Tax On Banking

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 7.—The senate finance committee today decided to place a new tax of two cents on bank checks and drafts over five dollars in amount.

KRONSTADT JOINS RUSSIAN CAUSE

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PETROGRAD, Russia, June 7.—The crisis at the fortified city of Kronstadt, where army and navy forces were in virtual mutiny, has been ended. The army garrison recognized the authority of the provisional government and will obey it. The garrison surrendered unconditionally to the representatives of the provisional government.

Owing to the reception in honor of the visiting Japanese squadron no drill for Headquarters Company, Supply Company and the 2d Battalion, 1st Infantry, will be held tonight.

TEUTONS DRIVEN INTO PANIC AS FORTIFIED TRENCHES UPON BELGIAN FRONT ARE BLOWN UP

Tremendous Fighting on West Marks Day--Berlin Claims Advance on French Line

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service.)

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS in France, June 7.—With the greatest mining operations in the history of warfare, the British today sprung a coup on the bloody front in Belgium—a coup that shattered the German fortified trenches for nine miles and was followed by concentrated and furious attack of infantry.

Using more than a million pounds of explosives, to prepare which weeks had been spent in tunneling and sapping operations, the British blew up the German forward positions, spreading panic among the Germans. The operations are easily the most gigantic of this war.

In the attack with cannon which immediately followed and was in turn followed by the infantry, the British used 20 per cent more heavy guns than in a corresponding space at any other time of the war. When the fighting was thickest the British "tanks" or armored cars went into operation.

The result was the breaking through on nine miles from the village of Messine along Wytshaele ridge, the attacking forces going through with a rush over the very ground the Germans had been strongly entrenching. More than a thousand prisoners had been taken early today and the fighting continues hotly under a sun which beats down with the fierceness of midsummer.

The Germans have failed to rally as yet and make the expected counter-attacks.

BERLIN, Germany, June 7.—The battle of Flanders has flared up into very hard fighting. Extensive explosions have broken out and the drum-fire is the most violent of the war.

The Germans have captured French positions for a mile and a quarter on the Chemin des Dames and Aisne sector.

PARIS, France, June 7.—A strong German attack made at St. Quentin today was caught by a violent French fire and driven into retreat.

RUMANIA READY TO FIGHT AGAIN, SAYS PARIS STORY

PARIS, France, June 7.—News has been received here that the shattered Rumanian armies have been reorganized, officered and given fresh supplies and are now ready to renew the fight against the Germans and Austrians.

The Rumanian premier in a recent statement announced that the whole object of the war to be renewed is the liberation of Rumanian territories from Hungarian enslavement.

CHINESE YOUTH HELD AS FORGER

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

Ah Yun Ho, a Chinese youth, was arraigned in police court this morning on four charges of forgery amounting to several hundred dollars. He will be heard tomorrow.

Capt. McDuffie of the detectives made the arrest yesterday when the Chinese arrested to cash a \$250 check at the Chinese-American Bank. The check was signed "Yee Up," who has a store at the corner of Maunakea and Hotel streets, and is said to have been a forger.

McDuffie immediately searched Ah Yun Ho's room and found \$115.25 in cash and a certificate of deposit on the Bishop bank for \$200, thereby recovering nearly all of the defendant's alleged deficiencies of \$370.

The defendant is said to have been forging checks under the name of Yee Up, with whom he formerly worked. He is charged with having cashed three bogus checks of this nature for a total of \$370. He has recently been employed by Lewers & Cooke.

CHINESE NEWSPAPERS IN U. S. NOT HELPING REVOLUTION AT HOME

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 7.—Secretary of State Lansing today denied emphatically the allegations that Chinese newspapers in the United States are supporting the Chinese revolution, and furnishing funds to carry it on. It is believed here that the influence which U. S. Minister Paul S. Reinsch had upon China in breaking with Germany diplomatically gave ground for rumor in originating the story.

The recent primary and general election was only half as expensive as the 1914 municipal election, according to David Kalauskani, county clerk. Although all the bills have not been received yet, Kalauskani estimates that these elections will cost the county \$3360.40, while the former cost \$6524.62. The former elections, however, occurred in conjunction with the territorial elections.

Little Change In Prices Today

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET TODAY

	Today	Yesterday
Alaska Gold	5	5
American Smelter	110	110 1/2
American Sugar Rfg.	118 1/2	118 1/2
American Tel. & Tel.	121 1/2	121 1/2
Anacosta Copper	85 1/2	85 1/2
Atchafalpa	102	102 1/2
Baldwin Loco.	81 1/2	81 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	71 1/2	72 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	151 1/2	151 1/2
Calif. Petroleum	23 1/2	23 1/2
Canadian Pacific	161	161
C. M. & St. P. (St. Paul)	73 1/2	73 1/2
Cole. Fuel & Iron	57 1/2	56 1/2
Cruikshank Steel	81 1/2	82
Ericsson	25 1/2	25 1/2
General Electric	164	164
General Motors, New	104	104
Great Northern Pfd.	107 1/2	107 1/2
Inter. Harb. N. J.	40 1/2	40 1/2
Kennecott Copper	49 1/2	49 1/2
Lough R. R.	64 1/2	63 1/2
New York Central	90 1/2	91 1/2
Pennsylvania	53 1/2	53 1/2
Ray Consol.	30 1/2	30 1/2
Reading Common	93 1/2	93 1/2
Southern Pacific	93 1/2	93 1/2
Studebaker	79 1/2	79 1/2
Texas Oil	222	221 1/2
Union Pacific	136 1/2	136
U. S. Steel	132	131 1/2
Utah	114 1/2	115
Western Union	93 1/2	93 1/2
Westinghouse	53 1/2	54 1/2

*Bid. †Ex-dividend. ‡Unquoted.